

# Edmonton Bulletin.

Vol. VI.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19th, 1885.

No. 46.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

Winnipeg, Sept. 18, 1885.

Senator Schultz is at the point of death.

A new Tichborne claimant has appeared in California.

Minister of Militia, Caron and Gen. Middleton will visit British Columbia, via San Francisco.

Sluggish McKeown, of Winnipeg, has been defeated at Grand Forks, Dakota, by Leary, of South Boston.

Riel has been respited for one month, awaiting an answer from the privy council on the appeal from the judgment of the Manitoba court of Queen's bench on his case.

The governor-general and party were at Port Arthur on Wednesday and were presented with addresses at Fort William and Kakabeka Falls. They proceeded west to Winnipeg.

North-West council elections: Regina, D. F. Jelly and J. Secord; Qu'Appelle, T. W. Jackson and W. D. Perley; Prince Albert, Owen E. Hughes; Broadview, C. Marshall; Moosemin, S. A. Bedford.

Alphonse Carrier, John and Kilber, of Batouche, have taken refuge in Ft. Belknap, on the Missouri. Little Poplar is also there and denies having taken any part in the rebellion. He says he was in the Cypress Hills for some time. Gabriel Dumont is reported in Chicago from Belknap, Montana.

Regina, Sept. 18, 1885.

Big Bear has been sentenced to three years imprisonment by Judge Richardson.

Battleford, Sept. 18, 1885.

Indian trials commence here before Judge Robson next week.

Smith & West not at Battleford yet. Wind has been blowing hard up stream for the last four days.

## LOCAL.

Jas. Mowat left for Calgary on Friday.

Malcolm McKinnon left for Calgary to-day.

Mail left on Friday morning. No passengers.

The minister of the interior is expected at Calgary in a few days.

John Cameron left for Calgary and Winnipeg on Friday afternoon.

The H.B.C. are putting up a frame addition to their store 15 x 60.

Complaint is made of delay of Edmonton letters at the Calgary post-office.

Mail arrived on Tuesday evening on time. P. Campbell, driver, no passengers.

A large band of horses arrived on the south side from Calgary last week for sale.

T. Lauder arrived from Calgary on Friday afternoon, with freight for A. Macdonald & Co.

Norris & Carey started a train of R.C. mission freight for Lac la Biche on Friday last.

Leaves have all turned brown and yellow and there is every appearance of an early fall.

A large train of carts with freight for Norris & Carey arrived from Calgary on Monday last.

Rev. O. German, left Calgary for Edmonton on Monday last, bound for Whitefish Lake.

F. DeGasson and family arrived from Calgary and Winnipeg on Tuesday of last week.

Messrs. Charbonneau and Williams left on Wednesday down the river on their river survey.

Kelly's saloon is being sided with dressed lumber, and the restaurant is being finished inside.

J. A. Mitchell and J. Whitford left for Victoria on Friday with government and private supplies.

J. A. Mitchell, Indian agent, arrived from Victoria on Monday. Everything quiet in that locality.

The survey of Kelly Bros' and Lamoureux Bros' timber limits at the White Mud has been completed.

J. A. McDougall & Co purchased \$6,000 worth of fur from P. Pruden of Lac la Biche on Thursday of last week.

Mr. Giles, of Prince Albert, is having a flatboat built at Hardisty & Fraser's, in which to take potatoes to Battleford.

J. A. Youmans, of Whitefish Lake, has built a small flat-boat with which to transport his winter supplies to Victoria.

The stationery stock sold by auction last Monday was purchased by A. Macdonald & Co. at \$70. There was little competition.

Mrs. Thos. Henderson planted one pound of potatoes last spring, and this fall took up 67 pounds of the same kind. They are of a new variety.

Sgt. Brooks and 14 police recruits arrived at Ft. Saskatchewan from Battleford on Friday of last week, also L. LaRond, guide and interpreter.

Messrs. T. H. Bradshaw, W. Maitland and J. Chabot will leave the police force at Ft. Saskatchewan on the 22nd inst., their terms of service expiring on that date.

J. McD. Gordon, land agent at Calgary, has been appointed inspector of Dominion land agencies and member of the land board in place of H. H. Smith, promoted.

Thos. Bell, Ed. Lyons, and Thos. Stewart arrived on Friday afternoon from Calgary with loads of stoves, hardware and coal oil for Ross Bros. and furniture for X. St. Jean.

Brunette & Bradshaw started threshing wheat on Thursday at J. Ashen's place, south side. The grain will be shipped to Battleford this fall if the state of the river and the weather permits.

Posters of the Manitoba agricultural society state that the C. P. R. will carry passengers to and from the exhibition grounds at St. Boniface for one fare. The exhibition opens on the 28th and closes Oct. 3rd.

Fifty police are now on the way north from Calgary, according to report. Twenty-five will be stationed at Battle river and 25 at Edmonton. Arrangements are being made for them to occupy the H.B.C. fort.

News of Riel's respite, pending an appeal of his case to the privy council, was circulated in town on Friday morning. Some of the trooly loil expressed themselves as very indignant. This will last until they get word from Ottawa to keep quiet.

Norman Vandal, whose claim is within the North Saskatchewan coal district, has been notified that his homestead entry on an even section will be received, the right to mine coal, however, being reserved. Homestead entries may be made upon the even sections throughout the district under similar restrictions.

Big Bear and Poundmaker in gaol for three years, and Riel respited from the gallows, one would imagine that there had been nothing more serious than a hen roost robbery in the North-West last spring. What do the volunteers who fought and the friends of those who died think of this? Are they anxious for a repetition of the circus on a larger scale next spring?

H. S. Young, of the H. B. Co. arrived from Lac la Biche on Monday. Prairie fires were running in that locality before he left, and the settlers expected to lose most of the hay they had put up. The R. C. Mission had already lost several stacks. Grass in the swamps was still green, however, and more hay could be made. Grass was also burning at Whitefish Lake, but a rainfall which occurred was likely to put it out.

Capt. Hamilton, late supply and transport officer at Calgary and Edmonton, is now out of the office and out of the police force. Capt. Hamilton was too able and independent and served the government too well to remain long in its employ. Of all officials of the Ottawa government that ever graced the North-West with their presence he was the only one with whom business could be promptly done and through whom payments promptly made were.

A circular from a Montreal M. D. named Ross arrived this mail, in which he frantically advises people not to vaccinate, as he says it is liable to produce foul diseases and is positively no preventative of small-pox. As Montreal seems to be a sort of breeding place for the small-pox the Dr. would do well to sling most of his information around home. But certainly unless he is a crank, with the experience acquired in that city he must know what he is talking about.

On Tuesday evening as Messrs. E. Brousseau and O. Mijau, of St. Albert, were driving down Main street, when opposite W. S. Robertson's dwelling, the horse shied and turned quickly around. The buggy went high into the air with its occupants and came down upside down, at the same time throwing the horse on his back. Mr. Mijau was unhurt, but Mr. Brousseau was under the rig and was insensible. A crowd gathered at once. The horse was unhitched, the rig straightened up and Mr. Brousseau removed. On Wednesday morning he was all right except that one shoulder was a little sore.

Reported that minister of militia Caron will visit Edmonton this fall, probably in connection with police matters which are now placed under his control. It is to be hoped that he will see the advisability of stationing an adequate force at Edmonton for the protection of the government offices and officers, if for no other reason. Especially as there is no accommodation at present for the large number of men shortly to arrive at Ft. Saskatchewan, and additional buildings will have to be erected somewhere.

Notices have been posted in the land office that the following homesteads, with pre-emptions attached, have been recommended for patent by the land commissioner, and that the price of the pre-emptions must be paid by the dates annexed: Ephraim Provost, paid; James Gille, paid; John Norris, paid; Robert Logan, Jan. 3rd, '86; John Irvine, Jan. 21, '86; S. Wilkinson, Feb. 26; John Fraser, Feb. 26; Joseph Macdonald, Feb. 26; W. Borwick, March 11; Frederick Rowland, March 11; W. Mayor, March 18; Geo. McManus, March 18; J. Reid, March 18. Recommendations for patent have been received for the following homesteads: Chas. Sandison, P. Kelly, W. Young, W. McKay, A. Mowat, and Mrs. Margaret Stewart. If the pre-emptions are not paid for by the date given the right of pre-emption ceases.

J. K. Strachan, supply and transport officer, and Major Hutton of the late Alberta Mounted rifles, arrived from Calgary on Thursday afternoon. Mr. Strachan gives notice that he desires all accounts against the militia department to be sent in at once. The militia stores now lying in this vicinity are being picked up and handed over to the L. D. and police, according to circumstances. The arms and ammunition now in store at Edmonton will probably be placed in charge of the police at Ft. Saskatchewan if a police post is not established here. Mr. Strachan had orders to collect all the government arms and accoutrements issued to settlers, but as strong objections are raised to this course he has telegraphed and is now awaiting instructions. After winding up the supply business here Messrs. Strachan and Hutton will proceed down the river to Prince Albert and thence to Humboldt and Qu'Appelle clearing up the supply business at these points.

A circular from the office of the lieutenant-governor in reference to the securing of exhibits for the Colonial and Indian exhibition to be held in London next year, has been received. The circular says: "It is especially desired to get good specimens of grains in the straw, pulled up by the roots, and carefully packed and carried with as little injury as possible, so as to show them as they grow. This same with respect to the several grasses. It may be impossible to send any vegetables to England, but specimens of potatoes, and perhaps of some other roots might be sent. It is desired by the minister that we should have the co-operation of the agricultural societies in getting together these exhibits. His honor proposes that advantage should be taken of the annual show of the Assiniboia agricultural society, to be held at Regina, about the 14th October next, for the collection of these exhibits. Special prizes will be given and special rates of freight obtained. In conclusion his honor hopes that the farmers will be able to send such an exhibit as will maintain the high position held by the North-West territories as an agricultural country. In the meantime please communicate with the office. Although grains are specially mentioned exhibits of any kind that will tend to advertise the country should be sent."

When Mr. Max, J. Charbonneau, D. L. S., arrived last week his first duty was to secure an outfit necessary for the trip about to be made down the river. A Dutch oven was among the requisites and application was made to the H. B. Co. for this, along with numerous other articles. The company had none in stock, but the accommodating manager of the store, Mr. Wilson, said that he would try to secure one for Mr. Charbonneau, at the time having in his mind's eye an oven comprised in the miscellaneous collection of household goods belonging to Major Butler, and which, having fallen under the iron grip of the sheriff, was to be auctioned off on Wednesday and Thursday evenings, and made up his mind to attend the sale for the accommodation of a valuable customer. On Wednesday evening as the auction was in progress, Mr. Charbonneau dropped in to see the elephant, as it were, and he had scarcely entered when a Dutch oven was put up for sale. The very thing he wanted, that he had searched the town for, and could not find. If he did not secure this one he would

have to go without and eat poor bread all the way down the river. The thought was not to be borne. He must have the oven, cost what it might. He had just made up his mind on the subject when a voice from a distant corner bid One dollar. Quick as thought Mr. Charbonneau made it one fifty. Two came from the corner. Two twenty-five said Mr. Charbonneau, and so by degrees the price went up, Mr. Charbonneau remarking, as he bid Three seventy-five, "If that man wants the oven more than I do he shall pay for it." Four said the voice from the corner. Four twenty-five said the surveyor. There was no response from the corner, and Mr. Charbonneau carried off his prize in triumph. A little dear he thought, but as the other man bid four it cannot be more than twenty-five cents too much, and that was nothing compared to good bread on the trip. It was not until next day that he found out he had been bidding against himself. The voice in the corner came from the gentlemanly agent of the H. B. Co., who was doing his best to secure the coveted oven for Mr. Charbonneau, while that gentleman was energetically running the price up against him.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**KELLY'S RESTAURANT.**—In rear of saloon. Meals at all hours. Best table in town.

**NOTICE.**—All persons having claims against the department of Militia and defence are requested to send in their accounts in duplicate AT ONCE to the undersigned.

J. K. STRACHAN,  
Supply & Transport Officer.  
Edmonton, Sept. 18, 1885.

**ROSS BROS.**

**STOVES & TINWARE.**

**COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVES,**

**NEW JEWEL BASE BURNERS,**

**GLOBE HEATERS,**

**BOX STOVES,**

**GRANITE IRON-WARE,**

**PRESSED TINWARE,**

**LAMPS,**

**HARDWARE,**

**COAL OIL.**

More goods to arrive shortly.

**THE EDMONTON BULLETIN**

Will enter upon its Seventh volume on November 1st.

Since its first publication it has been the fearless and unwavering supporter of the rights and interests of the North West in general and the Edmonton district in particular.

ALL the news, served up in the most compact form and of the latest date, has been and will continue to be its special feature.

Subscription, \$2 a year, strictly in advance.

FRANK OLIVER,  
Proprietor.



**THE EDMONTON BULLETIN** is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising Rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, SEPT. 19, 1885.

Messrs. Secord and Jelly, the two new N. W. C. members for Regina are probably legitimate successors to the late member, Mr. White. Especially is this likely as Mr. T. C. Johnstone, a barrister of standing and ability, who at first offered himself as a candidate on the side of responsible government withdrew his name before the contest was entered upon. If they follow Mr. White's course they will be duly subservient to the powers that be during their term of office, and duly oblivious to the interests of their constituents during the same term, at the end of which, if the aforesaid constituents are likely to kick, they will subside into some little government job and then into political oblivion.

It may be remarked in regard to the exemptions ordinance of last session of the North-West council, that the clause exempting from seizure by creditors in other provinces for six years, to which exception is chiefly taken and which was probably the cause of the disallowance of the ordinance, was not included by Mr. Ross in the original draft of his ordinance, but was framed by and introduced at the request of certain non-elected members. Mr. Ross' only hope of passing the ordinance lay in acceding to that request, to which, of course, as regards the interests of his constituents, he had no objections. Whether the clause was introduced really to relieve unfortunate debtors, or as an underhand means of having the remaining portions downed is yet a mystery.

If the newspaper reports are to be relied on—as, of course, they are—the late elections to the council throughout the North-West have been carried on with an absence of personal ill-feeling most creditable to all concerned, and furnishing an instructive model to other parts of Canada and the rest of the world, where popular elections are held. Nothing has more degraded politics under popular government than the indiscriminate throwing of filth at the candidates, which all parties in other regions seem to consider it their first and often only duty to engage in during an election contest. In this particular the North-West has taken a long step in advance which it is to be hoped it will never retrace. It is the business of the North-West to lead, not to follow, in the right direction. It has done so in this case, let it do so in others.

The re-election of Mr. J. H. Ross to the North-West council for the Moose Jaw district is gratifying to the friends of responsible government for the North-West. During the two sessions which Mr. Ross has sat in the council he has pursued a straight course, turning neither to the right nor to the left, standing like a man for the rights of man, and although almost alone more than able to keep up his end in debate against the majority by which he was so frequently overwhelmed on a vote. Mr. Ross is the introducer of the hard law so necessary in the prairie part of the territories and of the present liberal exemptions ordinance, which has had a good effect in doing away with the unlimited and indiscriminate credit system formerly so generally prevailing in the territories, but which has lately been disallowed by the federal government.

Mr. T. W. JACKSON, who has been elected for the Qu'Appelle electoral district to the North-West council, is an able and fluent speaker. He is the introducer of the present North-West municipal ordinance, upon the preparation and perfection of which he spent the greater part of his time and much labor during two sessions of the council. Mr. Jackson's course on the issue of responsible government for the North-West has been somewhat devious, politician like advocating it before his constituents and opposing it in the council. Mr. Jackson's rule has been to get with the majority, and unlike Mahomet and the mountain, if the majority would not come to him, of course he had to go to the majority. At the coming session, should the majority be likely to favor responsible government, Mr. Jackson's quick wit, supple tongue and indomitable energy will certainly be found doing good service on that side. W. D. Perley, Mr. Jackson's colleague in the representation of Qu'Appelle, is said to have had considerable political experience in New Brunswick, has attained municipal honors as chairman of Wolsley and is looked upon as an able and stable man, and a firm friend of responsible government and North-West rights.

#### VOX POPULI, VOX DEI (?)

The voting of Tuesday last in this electoral district terminated adversely to the cause of popular government and temperance advocated by this paper. To say that the narrow majority secured by the victors was secured by a combination of gerrymandering, bribery, intimidation, perjury and whiskey is to put the case mildly, but the fact that it was secured remains. It is the custom of the defeated party in such a case to claim a "moral victory," but the BULLETIN has no desire to do so. With the issues that were before the public, had a similar majority been on the other side, the result would have been almost as great a moral defeat as at present, although an actual victory. The fact that the means used to secure victory for the winning side were necessary, proves that the actual majority was in sympathy with the losing cause, but it also shows that of that majority some at least had not the "sand" to exercise the right which above all others pertains to free men—the right of voting according to their convictions—and as a consequence the minority have won. It is a fact that there were cast upon the winning side a greater number of bogus votes than the majority gained, but it is also true that had those who actually possessed votes been so minded that small number of bogus votes could easily have been swamped, so that while the actual majority has been gained by means of men not entitled to vote, those who were so entitled, and were bribed into voting contrary to their convictions or intimidated into staying away, were not less to blame—if blame exists—for the defeat of their friends' cause. That such means should be used to secure an election is unfortunate; that they should be successful is a disgrace to the people of the district; and in this way a moral defeat has been sustained by those who desire to secure good government by fair means. The difference between liberty and tyranny is that liberty is the rule of the majority, while tyranny is the rule of the minority. When by any circumstance the minority secure control that control is tyranny as much when under the form of popular government as under any other, and that is the position in which this electoral district is placed by the result of Tuesday last.

Taking the public expressions of both candidates, the only point at issue between them was as to the propriety of allowing beer to be brewed and sold in the North-West, but it was an open secret—if such a thing exists—that the support of the successful man came from the desire in Edmonton, in Regina and in Ottawa to perpetuate the one-man rule that now exists at the territorial capital, and against which the former member worked so vigorously. It is fair to the elected member to say that he is bound by his public promises to continue the course pursued in this regard by his predecessor, but at the same time the strength of his support came from those who differed from the views he had expressed, and they supported him because they believed he would not take the course which he had laid down for himself. If the issue of responsible government versus one-man government was not squarely before the people it was because they did not take enough interest in the matter to open their eyes to the fact; and that any body of intelligent men could be found in the North-West, of whom even the smallest minority, to say nothing of an actual majority, could be induced to cast their votes for the perpetuation of a method of government whose only redeeming feature is its impotence, is a defeat of right and expedient principles, as well as of common sense. That a body of men in this century and in this country would deliberately declare that they did not desire to govern themselves—that they preferred that themselves and the whole North-West, should be governed by a man who neither knows nor cares for them or anything of theirs, instead of by men elected by themselves seems too monstrous, and yet if the verdict recorded on Tuesday last means anything that is what it means. It is that a majority of the more or less legally qualified voters of the district and vicinity are prepared to accept the rule of a local clique which is prepared to accept the rule of the lieutenant-governor, who in turn accepts—because he belongs to—the rule at Ottawa,

which again is ruled by anything or anyone that may happen to be uppermost for the time being—with a certainty that whoever it is their interests are not those of the North-West, nor can we expect our interests to be properly looked after as long as we are prepared to sacrifice our wishes to theirs. This has been the experience in the past, and it will be the experience as long as time rolls. Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty, and it is none the less the price of good government. When the people who hold the reins of power throw them over the dashboard and shut their eyes they may depend upon it the course will be crooked and the ending at the wrong goal.

The other question in the contest could scarcely be called a vital one. While the known principles of the losing man insured him the almost solid opposition of the saloon interest, in any case and in any cause it is safe to say that the bait thrown to the farming community in the shape of a promise of a market for their surplus barley if a brewery were established, did not influence a single vote, either directly or indirectly. All parties understood thoroughly that the beer argument was only used as a catch. While the liquor itself may have influenced a few votes, the economic view of the question which alone was put forward by the winning party was too thin to influence any one however simple.

The result of the contest fairly stated is that a very large minority of the qualified electors of the Edmonton electoral district have distinctly declared by their votes for government by the—or any—government, instead of by the people, or else have so far abdicated their right and reason as to allow others who declared for that principle to influence them to vote for it, or not to vote against it. While it is wrong to quietly allow a minority to rule the majority, as in this case, by fraud, it is questionable whether justice would be secured by an election contest. If the impartial jury of public opinion so nearly renders a verdict against the people, what can be expected from a court in which governmental influence would be paramount. Fine was when judges were supposed not to interfere in political contests, but this contest has shown the contrary, and a doubt is thereby thrown on the impartiality of the possible election court. Politics are to some extent a game of chance, and in a case like the present, when the dice are loaded or the cards stacked, unless the game can certainly be broken the sooner and more quietly honest men withdraw from it the better for themselves.

The Regina Leader gives fits to the North-West exemptions from seizure ordinance lately disallowed by the federal government. At the time the ordinance was passed, however, when it was attacked by the Free Press, the Leader had not a word to say against it. Why, if the ordinance was good a year ago is it not good now? A peculiarity of the matter is that a Manitoba act copied from that of the North-West has not been disallowed. This the Leader can't understand, and puts it in the rather delicate position of having to explain why a law which is good for Manitoba is not good for precisely similar circumstances in the North-West.

#### WATCHMAKERS.

Leave your Watches with

W. L. WOOD, ESQ.,

At the Hudson's Bay store, where they will be forwarded to McIntyre & Davidson for Repairs.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

McINTYRE & DAVIDSON.

NORRIS & CAREY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

EDMONTON.

Beg to inform their customers that they

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

A

LARGE STOCK

Of General Merchandise.

MORE TO ARRIVE

In a few days, which will be sold at

BOTTOM FIGURES, FOR CASH ONLY.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

NORRIS & CAREY,

St. Albert Road.

#### LOOK OUT FOR

A. MACDONALD & CO.

(They are now

PREPARED TO DO THE THING FINE

VERY FINE—

IN THE

GROCERY,

DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE, AND

BOOT & SHOE

LINES.

A FIRST CLASS STOCK SELECTED PERSONALLY

By one of the firm, who has just returned from the market.

CUSTOMERS WILL BE ASTONISHED

At our quotations.

CALL AND SEE IMMEDIATELY.

25 Butter, Eggs, Pork and Flour taken in exchange for goods.

A. MACDONALD & CO.



## THE ELECTIONS.

Tuesday last opened rather cloudy and a few drops of rain fell giving rise to fears of a wet day. As the day progressed, however, the sky cleared and the afternoon and evening turned out fine.

The Edmonton poll was opened in the school house at nine o'clock sun time. J. V. Kiddahl, deputy returning officer, R. Secord, poll clerk. G. A. Watson and W. S. Robertson, scrutineers for Dr. Wilson, and A. Dawson and Jas. McDonald for F. Oliver. Votes were at first taken through a window, but the crowd was so great and pushing and prompting so excessive that a change was made and voters were admitted to the room singly, the result being much more satisfactory. To sooner had the poll opened than the votes poured in thick and fast on both sides, the monotony of recording votes being varied by the frequent tender and cheerful acceptance of the qualification and bribery oaths in the most remarkable instances. Some men over 60 years of age, and who had lived more than twenty years in the district, were compelled to swear that they were 21 and had been residents one year; while others who only saw the district for the first time last fall swore with the greatest alacrity that they had resided in it for the twelve months immediately preceding the 7th of August last. At eleven o'clock the bulk of the available votes of the division were polled and at noon, when business was suspended for an hour the count stood, Wilson 58, Oliver 50. Returns from Belmont at the same time showed Oliver far ahead there, with most of the votes polled. The Wilson party saw that something must be done or the cause was lost. They rose to the occasion. Shortly after dinner Messrs. A. McNicol, P. Brunette, and T. H. Bradshaw, the two former ex-police men and the latter still a member of the force, who have resided continuously at Ft. Saskatchewan ever since their arrival in this part of the territories, swore that they had resided in the Edmonton polling division of the Edmonton electoral district for the twelve months immediately preceding the 7th of August last and voted for Dr. Wilson. W. H. McKenny, who only arrived from a year and a half's residence at Battleford after the 7th of August last swore to the same. Several other similar votes were run in shortly afterward, and as the supply seemed only limited by the demand, the opposite side saw that while they were sure of victory if only men residing in the district voted they had no chance if St. Albert and Battleford voted against them and gave up their efforts while the other side redoubled theirs. As a consequence at 5 o'clock the count stood Wilson 87 Oliver 49. Although the final returns from the other polling divisions were not in it was generally understood that the contest was decided in favor of Wilson, and the usual cheering and jubilation was indulged in by the victors, while the vanquished quietly mizzled for home with perhaps a little more than the usual amount of blood in their eyes and vengeance in their hearts.

In Belmont division the school house was the polling place. C. F. Strang deputy returning officer, G. A. Blake, poll clerk, J. A. Petrie, scrutineer for Wilson, R. Vance for Oliver. Votes began to come in rapidly as soon as the poll was opened and, as at Edmonton, almost all were in before noon. Comparatively few were sworn and everything passed off quietly. At noon the count stood Wilson 14, Oliver 35. During the afternoon the remainder of the votes available in the division, almost to the last one, were polled, and at 5 o'clock the count stood, Wilson 19, Oliver 41.

At Clover Bar the poll was opened in the post office. J. St. G. Jellett deputy returning officer, W. Edmiston, poll clerk, W. Stiff, scrutineer for Wilson, W. Keith and R. McKernan for Oliver. Votes did not come in as rapidly at this polling place as at the others. At noon the count stood even, but at five o'clock it was Wilson 14, Oliver 11. Although this division had the smallest number of votes it had the largest number remaining unpolled at five o'clock. During the day the deputy returning officer refused to allow Messrs. R. McKernan and Thos. Cassils of Edmonton division to vote, although properly and fully authorized to act as scrutineers for Oliver, unless they swore they were residents of Clover Bar division, which they refused to do. They were therefore compelled to give up their duties and come to Edmonton to vote.

In St. Albert district everything was very quiet, it being a foregone conclusion that Mr. Cunningham would be elected. About three o'clock Mr. Lamoureux, who had made no effort whatever to secure the election, withdrew his name and Mr. Cunningham was practically elected by acclamation.

A final count of the votes in the Edmonton electoral district was made on Wednesday morning in the telegraph office by Alex. Taylor returning officer, before G. A. Watson representing Dr. Wilson, Frank Oliver, J. A. Petrie and J. V. Kiddahl, when the total vote was found to be 120 for Wilson and 111 for Oliver. Majority for Wilson 9. The returning officer then declared Dr. Wilson duly elected.

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

### POINTE LE PEE.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 23RD AT, 2 P.M.

Thos. Burleigh and others vs. the North West Mining Co.

The following articles will be offered for sale:

Mining Scow,  
25 horse power engine and boiler,  
Letter Press,  
Augers,  
Rubber Hose,  
Coil Tar Cord  
Rubber Belting,  
Quicksilver,  
Copper Wire,  
Blacksmith Tools,  
Tea Scales and Weights,  
Cross Cut Saw,  
Axes, Spades, Picks,  
Portable force and Bellows,  
Pitch and Oils,  
Wheelbarrows, and Grindstones,  
Bar iron and Steel,  
Copper Plates,  
Blocks and Rope,  
Vice, Hand Pump,

And other articles too numerous to mention.

S. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,  
Sheriff.

per W. S. ROBERTSON,  
Deputy Sheriff.

Edmonton, Sept. 10th, 1885.

## BROWN & CURRY

## GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Beg to inform the public that their long expected freight has arrived at last, and that they have now on hand the

## LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK

That has ever been brought into the North-West.

## WITHOUT EXCEPTION.

Although the rate of freight is high we pay no more than others, and as we have

## NO MIDDLE MEN TO CONTEND WITH

As others have, and as our goods are all bought direct from the importers or manufacturers, and

## SELECTED FROM THE BEST QUALITIES

We are able to offer

## BETTER AND CHEAPER GOODS THAN

## ANY OTHER FIRM IN EDMONTON.

We respectfully ask everyone to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

BROWN & CURRY

## FOR SALE.

1 DOUBLE TOP BUGGY.  
1 SINGLE " "  
1 PHAETON (with tongue).  
1 SET LIGHT DOUBLE HARNESS.

Apply to  
CHAS. STEWART.

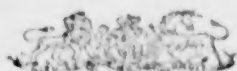
## NOTICE.



I am authorized to state to whom it may concern, that, "No objections to the report of the Land Board have been received from any of the Edmonton settlers, at the office of the Minister of the Interior, at Ottawa, and that the complaint as made will be considered."

per order,  
P. V. GAUVREAU,  
A. D. L.

NO. 13 OF 1878.



## AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING STALLIONS.

Notice is hereby given that a stallion which was running at large was brought in and is now in the possession of the North-West Mounted police at Ft. Saskatchewan. Color bay, two years old, 13 hands high, white stockings, blaze face, no brands. If not claimed and all damages and expenses paid, at the expiration of three months from date the same will be sold at public auction.

A. H. GRIESBACH  
Insp. Commanding Post.  
Ft. Saskatchewan,  
18th August, 1885.



## CANADA.

By the Right Honorable Sir JOHN ALEXANDER MACDONALD, G. C. B., Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

To all to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING.

WHEREAS it is in and by the act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the forty-seventh year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter twenty-seven and intitled "An Act further to amend the Indian Act, 1880," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs may, when he considers it in the public interest to do so, prohibit by public notice to that effect, the sale, gift or disposal, to any Indian in the Province of Manitoba or in any part thereof, or in the North-West Territories or in any part thereof, of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge; and every person who after such notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent General, sells or gives, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the section of country thus prohibited any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, shall incur a penalty of not more than two hundred dollars, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than six months, or to both fine and imprisonment, within the limits aforesaid, at the discretion of the Court before which the conviction is had:

Now Know YE that I, the said Right Honorable Sir John Alexander Macdonald, Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, considering it to be in the public interest so to do, do hereby give public notice that the sale, gift or other disposal to any Indian in the North-West Territories of Canada or in any part thereof of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge is hereby prohibited, and that every person who, after this notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs for the time being, sells or gives away, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the North-West territories of Canada, or in any part thereof, any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, will incur the penalties provided by the said act.

IN WITNESS whereof, I have hereunto subscribed these presents at my office, in the city of OTTAWA, this NINE TEENTH day of August, A. D. 1885.

JOHN A. MACDONALD,  
Superintendent-General, Indian Affairs.

## INSURANCE.

C. F. STRANG, Accountant and Insurance Agent, representing the Commercial Union and Citizens Fire Cos., the London & Liverpool Life, and London Guarantee and Accident companies. Office with G. A. Watson, Barrister, Edmonton, Alberta.

## HOTELS.

GERALD HOUSE, Calgary, opposite C.P.R. depot—first-class accommodation—head-quarters for Edmonton travelers. A. R. Gerald, formerly of Farmers' House, Winnipeg, Proprietor.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS, Proprietor.

## PROFESSIONAL.

W. WILSON, Dentist, Calgary, Stephen Ave., two doors east of Skating Rink.

DR. LAGORGENDIERE, Notary Public and Conveyancer; accounts collected. St. Albert, N. W. T. 42-y

GEORGE A. WATSON, Barrister, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Law office first door east of Jasper house, Edmonton.

DR. H. C. WILSON, Physician & Surgeon. Office first building west of school house, block 6, H.B.Co. reserve, Edmonton.

## BUSINESS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLE. M. McCAULEY.

FURNITURE.—Bed Steads, Sideboards, Washstands, Cupboards, Chairs, etc. A large stock, extra quality. To be sold off cheap for cash, to make room for new stock. X. St. JEAN.

ROSS BROS., Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop in new building next to J. A. McDougall & Co., Main street, Edmonton.

SANDERSON & LOOBY, General Blacksmiths. Horseshoeing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly. Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

MISS ROSS, Milliner and Dressmaker. Bonnets, Costumes and Mantles made in the newest styles, at moderate prices. First street, lot 101, near Edmonton Hotel.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st. Edmonton.

G. A. BLAKE, Licensed Auctioneer. All auction business attended to promptly. Best values always realized. Terms moderate. Parties desiring to dispose of Real estate, live stock, or any other property, will find it to their advantage to communicate with the above.

NOTICE.—The undersigned has now for sale the boat, boiler and engine of the Goldpan, now lying at Pointe Le Pée, together with ropes, blocks, pitch, oakum, portable forge, blacksmith's tools, iron (round and bar) etc., etc. Terms cash. STUART D. MULKINS. Edmonton, Oct 11th, 1884.

## AGENCIES.

Ontario Wind Engine and Pump Company. Makers of the celebrated Halliday and Star windmills, which work up to 40 horse power, and all kinds of lift and force pumps.

Cochran plow company, of Brantford. Makers of the celebrated North West sulky gang plow, and every variety of walking plows. Also the Little Favorite, diamond point one horse cultivator.

Massey Manufacturing company. Makers of the Toronto cord binder, the Toronto mower, Massey mower and harvester and Sharp's horse rake.

Benbow Fruit and Floral company, Waba Nurseries (the most northern nursery in Canada) growers of hardy fruit and ornamental trees, shrubs and green-house plants, adapted for northern climate.

Sole agent for the Edmonton district,  
G. A. BLAKE,  
Belmont farm.



## GENERAL NEWS

Cholera has appeared at Nagasaki, Japan. Lethbridge coal is expected in Winnipeg this month per all rail route.

Wheat in the vicinity of Moosomin is reported to be injured by the frost.

Medals will probably be presented to the volunteers engaged in the North-West rebellion.

Two hundred Hungarian immigrants lately passed through Toronto en route for the North-West.

Thos. White, minister of the Interior, was elected for Cardwell by three hundred and fifty majority.

Vaccination was advised from the pulpits of both Protestant and Catholic churches in Quebec recently.

Messrs. Stephen and Smith, of the C. P. R. syndicate, are also directors of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba road.

Fifty-six persons died of cholera at Toulon on Saturday, 7,000 persons have fled from the city and about 100 shops are closed.

Passenger trains will now run daily each way between Portage la Prairie and Minnedosa, over the Manitoba and North-Western.

Carter Bros., millowners, Prince Albert, have dissolved partnership and the business will in future be carried on by Gilbert E. Carter.

The Calgary Herald now speaks most favorably of Stipendiary Magistrate Travis. The editor has been made clerk of the court for Calgary.

An immense traffic in cattle is going on over the Grand Trunk at Belleville, Ont., at present. Between 600 and 700 cars passed east recently in twenty four hours.

The Canadian government exploring steamer Alert, on a second attempt, made in August, passed through Hudson's straits and arrived at York Factory, having seen no ice.

The parish of St. Sauveur, Montreal, has voted \$150 to Messrs. Lemerle and Fitzpatrick for defending Riel. The gentlemen turned the money over to Archbishop Tache for the relief of Riel's family.

The Earl of Carnarvon, lord lieutenant of Ireland, threatens with prompt punishment the rioters who recently interfered to prevent evictions at Mullinavat. He says the mob must be taught to respect the law.

The steamer Frances Smith, reported sunk, has arrived at Owen Sound without assistance. The damage to the vessel was very slight, and will be repaired in a few days. She is now in the dry dock there.

Arthur Lawrence Halliburton, son of the late Judge Halliburton (Sam Slick), of Nova Scotia, has been made a G. C. B. in consideration of his services in connection with the supplies and transport service last spring.

Edmund E. Sheppard, who is charged with criminally libelling the 65th battalion has had a true bill brought in against him by the grand jury in Montreal. He demands a change of venue, claiming that a fair trial cannot be secured in Montreal.

The North-West review has made its first appearance in Winnipeg, and is a well edited and neatly printed sheet. It is edited and published by Mr. J. J. Chadock, and will be devoted principally to the spread of Catholic literature.

D. W. Perley, on the occasion of his nomination to the North-West council lately, at Indian Head, said to the assembled electors "that a man who claimed their suffrages for being honest should not receive their support on that account, for a man is merely honest because it suited his own interest." Mr. Perley has an insight into matters and things that shows a large and level head.

On August 25th the constituents of Lieut. Col. Oulmet presented him with an address in which the following reference was made to Riel's case: "We have learned with great joy that your sympathies are with Riel. We hope you will employ your influence to have the sentence of capital punishment commuted." In reply Col. Oulmet said the hanging of Riel would be a great political blunder.

The Winnipeg Commercial says in regard to prospective Indian troubles in the North-West: "All our dominion government have to do is to deal justly with the settlers in the territories, and make their loyalty beyond question. That secured, and the loyalty or disaffection of Metis or Indian matters but little, and need not be purchased at the expense of obstructing settlement, trade and general progress."

Herald, Calgary, Sept. 9: A carload of fruit has arrived. A call on the 22nd. The scouts are assured of their scrip. A seam of coal is being opened on the south side of the Bow, opposite the Big hill. Indian tepees in town are a nuisance. A roller skating rink has been opened. Mrs. Major Butler's sister has established her claim to the title of countess of Lauderdale. There is a sharp conflict between the federal and provincial authorities at Paremoll. B. C., in the matter of authority on the liquor question. F. P. Davis, of Hagel & Davis, barristers, Winnipeg, has opened an office in Calgary.

A riot has occurred at Almeria in Andalusia, Spain. The increasing cholera mortality having driven most of the wealthy residents from the city in large numbers, poor people were deprived of employment. This desertion on the part of rich employers increased the laboring people and the feeling of indignation culminated in a riotous outbreak. Many of the houses of the wealthy were wrecked by the mob. Soldiers were called out and in the conflict that ensued eight persons were killed and twelve others wounded.

The Macleod Gazette demands the interference of the government to prevent the Indians of the reserves from that burg flooding the local market with potatoes at prices which make competition by the farmers hopeless. This state of affairs shows that the Indians of that district have made considerable progress in agriculture. It also shows that they are much more fully rationed by government than the Indians of the north or they would find an excellent market in their own tepees for all the potatoes they could raise.

## METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Friday evening, Sept. 18th, 1885. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max	Min.
Saturday,	60	38
Sunday,	61	36
Monday,	64	28
Tuesday,	54	45
Wednesday,	63	29
Thursday,	70	27
Friday,	69	34

Barometer falling, 27.520.

**NOTICE.**—All parties indebted to the undersigned are requested to settle up forthwith, without further notice. X. ST. JEAN.

**NOTICE.**—The Book-Debts of John Sinclair and of the late firm of John Sinclair & Co. have been handed to the undersigned for collection. Parties interested will please take notice and pay up. W. S. ROBERTSON.

**FOUND.**—In April last, on the premises of the subscriber, South side, a Bay Horse native, black tips to ears, one hind foot white and a patch of white on the other; three small white spots on the back; white strip on face. GEO. DONALD.

**STRAYED** from Edmonton in December last, a Roan Mare about six years old, branded diamond G on the hip. Supposed to be on Stonev plain. Any person leaving her at McCauley's livery stable, or with the subscriber, will receive \$10 reward. W. WALKER.

**STRAYED** from the premises of the undersigned on May 8th, a Brown Pony, white strip in face, deep chested, brand on left hip, J.M., was last seen in the vicinity of St. Albert. Any one bringing him to the Methodist Mission house, Edmonton will receive \$5 reward. JOHN H. HOWARD.

**LOST.**—\$10 REWARD.—From the premises of the subscriber on Horse Hill plain, on the 27th of August last, a Span of Native Horses, Bays, branded "22" on left hip. One has a combined "WB" under the "22." The other has on the right hip "PT," with "JT" underneath. Any person returning the same to the undersigned or giving information that will lead to their recovery will receive the above reward. W. BUCHANAN.

**ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE** making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Friday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Tuesday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Tuesday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Friday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Tuesday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

## ALBERTA FIELD FORCE.

SUPPLY OFFICE, EDMONTON.  
18th June, 1885.

## FROM THIS DATE

No orders for the requirements of the Force for supplies will be recognized unless the same are on printed forms and signed by the Transport and Supply Officer.

H. HAMILTON,  
Capt. S. & T. Officer.

Barometer falling, 27.600.

## FOR SALE.

1 DOUBLE TOP BUGGY.  
1 SINGLE " "  
1 PHAETON (with tongue.)  
1 SET LIGHT DOUBLE HARNESS.

Apply to  
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per order,  
P. V. GAUVREAU,  
A. D. L.

N<sup>O</sup>. 13 OF 1878.



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Insp. Commanding Post.

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JOHN A. MACDONALD,  
Superintendent-General, Indian Affairs.

## CHURCHES.

**CHURCH OF ENGLAND.**—Hours of Sunday service: All-Saints 11 a.m., St. Michael's 6.30 p.m. W.N.

**ST. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH,** Edmonton.—Mass at 10 a.m. every Sunday, Sermon in English and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

**METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA.** J. H. Howard, Pastor. Hours of service, 11 a.m. and 7.00 p.m. Sabbath school, 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting and lecture, Wednesday evening at 7 p.m.

**EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**—Pastor, the Rev. Andrew B. Baird, M.A., assisted by Mr. James Hamilton, B.A. Sabbath services at Edmonton, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath school at 2.30 p.m. Fort Saskatchewan every Sabbath at 10.30 a.m.; Sturgeon River, August 6, 16, 23, September, 6, 13, 20; Clover Bar, August 16, 30, Sept. 13, 27; Belmont, August 9, 23, Sept. 6, 20.

## NOTICES.

**FOUND.**—A Bay Horse with black points. Owner can have the same by applying to the undersigned, proving property and paying expenses. JAS. MCKERNAN.

**STRAY.**—Came to the premises of the subscriber in April last, a last winter's calf, black, with small white spots. Owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses and take it away. J. NORRIS, sr.

**\$5.00 REWARD.**—Followed a team with colt and wagon on the St. Albert road, my black brood mare, 12 hands high, long tail, white face and feet. Anyone returning to the undersigned will receive the above reward. DONALD ROSS, Edmonton Hotel.

**NOTICE.**—Rev. C. Scollen, having of his own free will severed his connection with the Roman Catholic diocese of St. Albert, the undersigned for "La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de St. Albert," informs the public that the said corporation will not be responsible for any indebtedness incurred by the said C. Scollen. H. LEDUC, O.M.I., Procurator.

## SASKATCHEWAN CITY.

### JULES CHAVE

Begs to inform the public that he has opened up a  
**GENERAL BLACKSMITH SHOP**  
And is prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing.

Horse-Shoeing and repairing guns specialties.  
Locks and rings made to order. All kinds of machinery repaired with neatness and despatch.

JULES CHAVE.

## NOTICE

The CREDITORS of JOHN SINCLAIR, of Edmonton in Alberta territory, in the North West Territories of Canada, merchant, and of the late firm of John Sinclair & Co'y, and all others having claims against said John Sinclair or said late firm, are hereby notified that all assets of the said late firm having first been duly assigned to the said John Sinclair, he has this day executed a deed of assignment to me of all his property, estate and effects for the purpose of paying and satisfying rateably and proportionately and without preference or priority all the creditors of the said John Sinclair and the said late firm their just debts. And the said creditors, and others having claims as aforesaid, are further hereby notified to send by post, prepaid, or otherwise deliver to me the undersigned (assignee as aforesaid) care of James O'Brien & Co'y, Winnipeg, Manitoba, or to my solicitor, George A. Watson, barrister, Edmonton, Alberta territory, on or before the 1st day of November next their Christian names and surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, and in default thereof, and immediately after the said 1st day of November next, the assets of the said John Sinclair and of the said late firm will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to claims of which notice shall have been given as above required, and I will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim notice shall not have been received by me, or the said George A. Watson, at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 11th day of August, A. D. 1885.

DONALD FRASER,

GEORGE A. WATSON, Assignee.  
Assignee's Solicitor.